

G. R. S. 58

Previous references.

(i) 52 of 1895
(ii) 2 files of subsequent
years ending with Goldst. No. 3742 dated 5th March 1906. (Muzrai)
(iii) 168-05 Later references.
also 354 - 1-5
Muz 235 - 32 B. 1-5

File No. 112 of

Serial Nos. 1 to

1908-09

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 1 to 3

Part B. for Nov^r 1908

SUBJECT.

Procession of the Jeegar idol in the public streets of T. Karasipur according to mamool on Simnakshatra and Sēvartha days.

Sl. 1 From The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore Dt.
Letter No. 219 dated the 24th Nov^r 1907.

Submits reports, as called for, on the petitions of Yajuresa Lingala Chari and Upathya Karasimha Chari of T. Karasipur

Sl. 2 To. The Superintendent, Mys. Dept. of Mysore
& The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore Dt.

Cont. Nos. No. 186-7 of 10. 11. 1908

Direct that the request of the petitioners

G.R.S.11]

1908-09

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT
(*Muzrai*)

NOTES.

File No. 112-08

FILE HEADING.

*Procession of the Jeer idol in the open streets
of Y. Narasipur on the Jeer's Tirukakshatram
and Senantha days*

From

The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore district

No. 219 Dated 24th Nov 1907 Received 27 11. 1907

Diary No. }	Enclos. 1 file Spare Copies }	Serial No.
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BRIEF ABSTRACT OF LETTER.

*Submits report on the petitions of Gajurappa
Singla behar and Uppahya Narasimha behar, praying
for permission to conduct the procession
above referred to*

NOTES AND ORDERS.

Vide attached sheets.

Note continued.

The Govt. in their Pro. No. 3742, to be dated 5th March 1906, while sanctioning the expenditure of the annual Jashik of Rs 173, for the Jeeva Jeeva Kshatram in T. Narayana observed that the request of the Jengale sect of Srivaishnava that they also have Jeeva as their deity, & have the idol of the Sri Ganga Narayana Kshatram at T. Narayana brought to the new temple of Jeeva and worshipped there and then taken out in Jashik procession in the streets of that town, could not be granted as the proposed act was against the law. The Govt. further observed that all requests regarding the Jeeva must be prevented and the main act should be strictly adhered to.

Yegorwada Singharan and Arunachala Perumal as representatives of the Jengale sect have petitioned Govt. in writing, praying for permission to conduct the procession of the Jeeva

Muzrai Secretariat.

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in the open streets of J. Narasipura on the
 year's Janna Kshatram day and on other
 similar days of the year. Petitions were
 also received from the Badagolai residents
 of J. Narasipura opposing the grant of the
 Jangala people's prayer. All the peti-
 tions were forwarded to the Deputy Com-
 missioner of the Mysore District for a
 detailed report together with his opinion
 in the matter.

The Deputy Commissioner's report
 is now received. From the records submitted
 by him it is observed that the Amildar of
 J. Narasipura Mr. M. Kesavaiah held a thorough
 investigation into the matter and has pre-
 pared an exhaustive memo on the subject.
 In the memo the Amildar observes that the
 Jangala people do not claim to have the idol
 of ^{the} Gurja Narasimhaswami brought to the
 new year's temple and taken with the idol.

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Muzrai Secretariat.

of the last named temple facing it in the public streets, but all that they want is only to allow Jee's Utsavam in the streets of the town on the Jyoma Kshatram and other several days. The Amildar says that the request of the Tungle people is supported by the following facts:-

(1) The Nisep of 1851 of H. H. the late Maharaja Krishnaraja Wodeyar Bahadur III directs that equal honors should be shown to Desikar and Jee, the saints of the Kadavale and the Tungle people respectively, and orders have been passed by the Muzrai Office in 1877 in pursuance of the Nisep.

(2) Ever since the loss of the Jee idol in the Sri Ganga Narasimhananni temple, very many years ago, the ^{practice} ~~honors~~ which were existing in regard ~~being shown~~ to Jee on the latter's Jyoma Kshatram day was continued ~~observed~~ ^{in the case} in his name to Sri Ramaniyacharya, viz the

Muzrai Secretariat.

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the idol of Sri Gungar Namam karwani was taken to Sri Ramanujacharya's Samithi, & after worship of the former, the latter was shown certain honours in the name of Jeer; and this fact is evidenced by the Jalka Dhandu's order and endorsement to the Jeer to the effect, dated the 14th Nov^r and 18th Decr 1863.

(3) The temple records of 1880, 1885 and of the years from 1893 to 1898 (excepting 1896) show that ~~even~~ prior to the consecration of the Jeer in the new temple (in 1898), the Jeer Utthavam was being ~~conducted~~ ^{celebrated} ~~to the effect that~~ ^{as evidenced by the payments} made to the servants of the temple ~~for carrying~~ ^{in that connection} the Jeer idol on the occasion in question.

(4) The temple records of each of the years from 1898 to 1901 (both inclusive) show that ~~even~~ after the consecration of the Jeer idol, Jeer processions were being conducted on the Trinait-habram day, as is also

similarly evidenced by payments to temple servants,
for carrying the Jee idol in procession through the streets of the town
(5) Previous to the Jaidik frunt of Re / 7 3

being having been same time & by foot in 1901,
the Parpa Hegar of the Sri Ganga Manasamharmani
temple and the Amildar of Mr. J. Narasimhaiah
had reported in 1899 that Sri Ramanujacharya's
Uthavam was being celebrated in the temple
in the name of Jee on the latter Jyestha Sankranti day.

The Amildar further says that the
contentions of the Vadagale people to prevent
the Jee idol being taken out of ^{its own} temple is
unreasonable, and ^{do} not appear to have been
based on any documents out ~~are~~ there were

statements and sentiments. Under these cir-
^{Amildar} the expresses the opinion that the Jengale people
in praying for permission to take the Jee in Uthavam
the streets, do not ask for any innovation in

mamool and adds that if then
be granted, not only would it not be
winding or tenour of the Gouth or

The only documents produced
the Vadagale people are the Gouth
Order of 1906, and the Order of the
Muzrai of 1877, which latter only dis-
the consecration of the new
idol in the Sri
Manasamharmani. The
documents have no
bearing on the
question

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of the 5th March 1906 but it would also secure to them their ^{natural} public right to use the public streets for legitimate purposes. In support of this view the Chindan submits 2 cuttings from the Madras Mail wherein reference is made of a decision of the Madras High Court ~~and confirmed~~ on an exactly similar case, and confirmed in appeal by the Privy Council.

[In conclusion, the Chindan states that the Utavam of Sri Ganga Narasimha Swami was going on on the Jeer's Vinakshatram day near Sri Ramanujacharya's Samadhi owing to the absence of the Jeer's idol during past years, and that there has been ^{very} the Jeer's Utavam also lately since 1898, and he leaves it to the higher authorities to decide whether it would be manool or otherwise to take the idol of Sri Ganga Narasimhaswami

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to the present Jee temple also.]

The Deputy Commissioner, in examining the records of the case, states that the Amildar Mr. Kesavaiah has taken great pains to collect old references in connection with this vexed question, and that these records abundantly prove that the Jee's Jinnabasha Utsavam was being celebrated on several occasions, and that the mere fact that the said Utsavam was discontinued for some years on account of the loss of the idol, cannot prove the non-existence of such a practice. Both the parties were given ample opportunities to produce all the available records in their possession, and from what they produced, he is of opinion that the Jee's Utsavam was a mamool one and as such there is no

to take the idol in procession
the public streets.

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Muzrai Secretary's Remarks.

The dispute which related to the consecration of the Jeer Vighraha in the new temple constructed outside the Sri Gunja Narasimhaswami temple at T. Narsipur, was finally disposed of by Govt in their Pro. No. 3742, dated 5th March.

Printed copy is put up.

1906. In the aforesaid Govt Order it was directed that a space of $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet should be left between the new Jeer temple and the Sri Janardanaswami temple for making Pradakshina, and that the Utsava Vighraha of God Sri Gunja Narasimhaswami should not be permitted to be brought into the new Jeer temple and thence conducted in procession through the streets with the Jeer Vighraha in front as Yeduruseve. It is now reported that the Jeer temple has been entirely separated from the Sri Janardanaswami temple and all innovations regarding the Jeer have been prevented as directed by Govt. The tasdik of Rs 1-7-3 per annum was ordered to be continued to the Jeer's Tirunakshatram.

A

A. (Under Secretary)

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Muzrai Secretariat.

The Tengale Srivaishnava Brahmins now request that they may be permitted to take the idol of the Jeer by itself in procession in the streets on the Tirunakshatram and other important days. In regard to this request, the Amildar of T. Narsipur (Mr. M. Kesaviah) has held a thorough investigation and submitted an elaborate report stating that Mamul has been proved of the Utsavam of the Jeer in the streets and that there is no objection to such Utsavams being conducted in future. This recommendation is concurred in by the Deputy Commissioner Mr. M. Kantaraj Urs.

Upon a perusal of the accounts and other records received, it will be observed that the Tirunakshatra of Jeer was being conducted in the Sri Gunja Narasimhaswami temple at T. Narsipur, notwithstanding the fact that there was no Jeer Vighraha for the past nearly 60 years, with the aid of the cash

Rs 1-7-3 per annum allotted therefor. The

tra of Jeer was being celebrated in the

nujacharya and the God Sri Gunja

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Narasimhaswami was being brought there on the ~~of~~ occasion. There was no regular Utsava of Jeer in the streets because there was no Vighraha of Jeer. Subsequently, after the consecration of the Mula Vighraha and Utsava Vighraha of Jeer in the new temple in 1898, not only the Tirunakshatram but also the Utsava of the Jeer in the streets of T. Narsipur are reported to have been regularly celebrated up to the year 1901. After the year 1901, the Utsavams of not only of the Jeer but also of the Desikar were stopped by order of Govt owing to ~~the~~ disputes between parties. Final orders were passed in the case in Pro. No. 3742, dated 5th March 1906, and in accordance therewith the Vadagale Utsevams are regularly conducted, while as regards the Tengales, it was merely -- stated that no innovation should be permitted. The Tengales therefore now ask that they should be permitted to take the Jeer's idol in procession by itself, not with the idol of God Sri Gunja

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Narasimhaswami in front of and facing the image on the Jeer's Tirunakshatra and other important days in the streets of T. Narsipur. Both the Amildar and the Deputy Commissioner see no objection to the carrying out of the procession in the manner asked for by the Tengales and I am also of the same opinion. So long as the Jeer's temple is situated outside the precincts of the Sri Gunja Narasimhaswami temple, and so long as the Tengales do not want the Yedur Utsava with the God Sri Gunja Narasimhaswami, there is no objection whatever to the Tengales taking their Jeer Vighraha in procession in the streets. I am therefore of the humble opinion that the permission asked for may be granted.

Submitted to the Dewan.



7th January 1908.

may be submitted to the Second Councillor.

B.P. K.

8/3/08

Muzrai Secretariat.

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The Deputy Commr & Dist Magistrate is quite competent to issue necessary orders in the matter. no orders of Govt are necessary

18th
7/3/08

Resubmitted to the 2nd Commissioner -

The papers were submitted to the Dewan Direct as the 2nd Commissioner was at the time on leave.

The District Magistrate is no doubt ~~competent~~ the authority to pass orders regarding the conduct of processions but in the present instance, it was the Govt which passed orders regarding the new Jeyar temple and if the District Magistrate is left to himself to pass orders regarding the procession Jeyar, he will not know whether the

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Muzrai Secretariat.

Govt permitted the Jeeyer's Vignra to
~~be~~ to be taken out of the new temple
 or not. What I beg to suggest, as will
 be seen from pages 97 to 100 of this note,
 is that the Govt should decide whether
 the Jeeyer Vignra may be taken out
 in procession in the streets under the
 circumstances reported by the D. Commr.

The District Magistrate will of course
 see to the conduct of the processions.

402
 4.4.08
 Result to the 2nd?

L. K. S. Rao
 4.4.1908

govt agree with the Depy Commr.
 that the Zenglais may be permitted
 to take their Jeer Vignra in pro-
 cession in the streets in accordance
 with mamool

to the Dewan
 6/4/08

6/4/08
 5602
 6/4/08

Submitted to His Highness.

In Government Proceedings No. 5749 dated 24th Feb 1906, orders were passed on the petitions of the Sreevidyalaya of Vellurayur of both the Vellur and the Vellurayur of the Jeyar and Dattar Udayar of Vellurayur; and on a subsequent petition presented to His Highness by the Tungalur, His Highness was pleased to order on the 11th May 1906 that it was expedient to give the orders of the 11th March. Orders of Government were accordingly issued on 24th June 1906.

In para 3 of the order of 11th March 1906 the following words occur:-

"As regards the request of the Tenguas
 "that on the day of the Jeyar's Tirunakshetram,
 "the idol of God Sri Gunja Narasimhaswari should
 "be allowed to be brought to their new temple
 "and worshipped there and that their new Jeyar
 "idol should be permitted to be taken in pro-
 "cession in the streets in front of and facing
 "the image of the God Sri Gunja Narasimhaswari,
 "the Government observe that this request cannot
 "be granted as the proposed action would be
 "against namam. They are of opinion that all
 "innovations tending to sectarian differences
 "and caste feuds must be put down with firm hand,
 "and they are not therefore prepared to show
 "any concession to the Tenguas who have sought
 "to establish an innovation against an express
 "order and by irregular means. All innovations

"regarding the Jeer must therefore be prevented
"and the mamul must be strictly adhered to."

On the 13th March 1907, Yajurvedha Singla-
char, one of the Tengales addressed a petition to the
Muzrai Secretary saying "I therefore pray that orders
may be passed sanctioning the carrying out of the old
and established celebrations to this deity as sanc-
tioned by mamul as the Government order No.3742 dated
5th March 1906 distinctly says". This petition was
referred by the Muzrai Secretary to the Deputy Com-
missioner on 29th March 1907 "with the request to be
informed after enquiry what the mamul was prior to
the issue of the Government orders in question". On
the 21th October 1907, the Muzrai Secretary received
another petition signed by Singla-char and one Srimi-
vasiengar saying that the Jeer Tirunakshatram fell
on the 9th November, that the Muzrai Secretary had
personally told them that there was nothing in the
Government Proceedings to say that Utsavam should not
be performed for the Jeer and that the Utsavam for the
Jeer alone might be performed by them in the public
streets, that unless there were formal orders to this
effect the local authorities would not carry out the
Utsavams and requesting that orders might be issued
directing that the Tirunakshatra Katié (whatever used
to be done on Tirunakshatra day) and the Sevartha
Katié (whatever used to be done in connection with
sevartha) Utsavams for the Jeer might be conducted in
the public streets. This was also referred to the
Deputy Commissioner for opinion. The Deputy Commis-
sioner has submitted his report with his letter No.
219 dated 24th November 1907. He says that the Amil-
dar of T.Narasipur has held an exhaustive enquiry into
the matter and examined the old records and that these

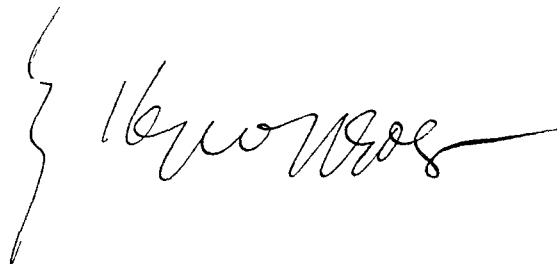
abundantly prove that the Jeer's Tirunakshatram Utsavam was being celebrated on several occasions, that the mere fact that the said Utsavam was discontinued for some years which is due to the loss of the idol cannot be said to prove the non-existence of such a practice, that both the parties were given ample opportunities to produce all the available records in their possession to prove their respective contention, that from these records he is of opinion that the Jeer's Utsavam was a manual one and as such there is no objection to take ^{the} deity in procession through the public streets.

The late District Secretary Mr. Anantasami Rao said in his note dated 7th January 1908 "the Tengales therefore now ask that they should be permitted to take the Jeer's idol in procession by itself not with the idol of God Sri Gunja Narasimhaswami in front of and facing the image on the Jeer's Tirunakshatra and other important days in the streets of T. Narasipur. Both the Amildar and the Deputy Commissioner see no objection to the carrying out of the procession in the manner asked for by the Tengales and I am also of the same opinion. So long as the Jeer's temple is situated outside the precincts of the Sri Gunja Narasimhaswami temple and so long as the Tengales do not want the Yaduru Utsava with the god Sri Gunja Narasimhaswami, there is no objection whatever to the Tengales taking their Jeer Vighraha in procession in the streets. I am therefore of the humble opinion that the permission asked for may be granted".

The Second Councillor said that the District Magistrate was quite competent to issue necessary orders in the matter and that no orders of Government

were necessary. The Muzrai Secretary then pointed out that as orders had originally been passed by Government in the matter of the new Jeer temple it was desirable that the Government should also decide whether the Jeer Vighraha may be taken out in procession in the streets. The Second Councillor is of opinion that orders may be passed to the effect that "Government agree with the Deputy Commissioner that the Tengales may be permitted to take their Jeer Vighraha in procession in the streets in accordance with mamul".

As the matter was once before His Highness I submit these papers for His Highness' orders. It may be noted that in the Government order of 5th March 1906 it was directed that "the mamul must be strictly adhered to". Both the Amildar and the Deputy Commissioner find that it is in accordance with mamul to hold Jeer Utsavams taking the Jeer Vighraha in the public streets. The order of 5th March 1906 prohibited the new Jeer idol being "taken in procession in the streets in front of and facing the image of, the God Sri Gunja Narasimhaswami", but the Tengales do not now ask the image of the God should also be taken with the Jeer vighraha in procession. Their request to take the Jeer Vighraha only in procession does not seem to have been prohibited under the order of 5th March 1906. I am of opinion that the recommendation of the District Magistrate, concurred in by the late Muzrai Secretary, and the Second Councillor, may be approved.



17

Record of Cases submitted for the Orders
of His Highness the Maharaja.

Subject.

17/10/08
288

... ..
... ..
... ..

201

Order.

Approved

~~KRM~~

19/10/08

25/10/08

17/10/08
23/10/08
25/10/08
27/10/08
29/10/08
31/10/08
Sa. Punjab
27/10/08
29/10/08
31/10/08

Ref. to case Alb. Lumber Co.
Undersigned

5/11/08

28me
a
5/10/08

Y. Petitioners
No. 188 of 16. 11.08 -

Inform them accordingly

File No.

of 190

Muzrai Secretariat

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,

READ—

Petitions from Upadhyay Narasimhachar and others of the Vadagale sect and Yajurveda Singlachar and others of Tengale sect, of the Sreevaishnava Brahmins at T-Narsipur, regarding Jeeyar's and Desikar's Utsavams at T-Narsipur

And the records submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, on the subject.

No. 3742, DATED BANGALORE, 5TH MARCH 1906.

ORDER THEREON.—The facts of the case are as described below :—

2. First, as regards the Jeeyar of the Tengale sect In 1895, Adhyapaka Sreenivasaiengar and a few other Tengale Sreevaishnava Brahmins of T-Narsipur submitted a petition to Government stating that the Jeeyar idol consecrated in the Sri Gunja Narasimhaswami temple was lost some years ago and soliciting permission to consecrate a new idol in the temple. On enquiry it was found that the old Jeeyar Vigraha was lost about fifty years prior to 1877, that the question of consecrating a new Vigraha came up in 1860, 1861, and 1876 before the Chief Commissioner and the District Muzrai Officer, respectively, and that they all declined to grant the permission asked for, on the ground that the Vadagale Sreevaishnavas of the town objected to the consecration of a new Jeeyar idol in the temple. Thereupon the late Muzrai Secretary also declined in 1898, to grant permission for the consecration of a new idol *within* the premises of the Sri Gunja Narasimhaswami temple, but at the same time observed that if the Tengale petitioners desired, they might have a new Jeeyar idol consecrated at their own cost in an unobjectionable site *outside* the temple premises. On receipt of this order, the Tengales constructed in great haste a building for the purpose, attaching it to one of the sides of the Sri Janardhanaswami temple, situated outside, but near the Sri Gunja Narasimhaswami temple and completed the consecration of the Jeeyar idol therein. Before the Pratishtha ceremony came off, petitions were received by the Deputy Commissioner of Mysore from some of the Vadagale Sreevaishnava Brahmins complaining that the Amildar Mr. Sundararajengar, who belonged to the Tengale sect, had sided with the members of his sect and had unauthorizedly granted permission to construct the new building so as to adjoin the Sri Janardhanaswami temple in an objectionable manner and praying for prohibitory orders. These petitions were referred by the Deputy Commissioner to the Amildar for report, but the latter took no notice of them and allowed the Tengale Brahmins to complete the consecration ceremonies, which they commenced on the 25th and completed on the 28th November 1898. Upon the submission of the records, however, by the Amildar, the temple was personally inspected by the Assistant Commissioners, Messrs M Nanjaraj Urs and A. Ananda Rao, and by the Deputy Commissioner, Rao Bahadur Mr. C. Madiah, and the last-named officer issued an order to the Amildar Mr. Sundararajengar, severely censuring him for his hasty and unauthorized action in this matter and directing that the Jeeyar temple should be separated from the Sri Janardhanaswami temple by allowing a passage between the two temples so as to allow devotees to go in pradakshina around the latter. On appeal to Government by the Tengales, the late Muzrai Secretary passed an order on the 19th March 1901, observing that the question of leaving a passage between the two temples as ordered by the Deputy Commissioner, would be considered later on but directing, however, the annual payment to the new Jeeyar temple of Rs 1-7-3 being the tasdik allotment fixed in the Sri Gunja Narasimhaswami temple for the Jeeyar's Thiruvakshatnam. Against this order of the late Muzrai Secretary the present appeal to Government has been preferred by the Vadagales.

3 The Government observe that when due sanction had been given by the late Muzrai Secretary that a temple for the Jeeyar might be constructed in some *unobjectionable* spot outside the premises of the Sri Gunja Narasimhaswami temple, there was no reason why the Tengales should have built the temple in such great haste and laid themselves open to complaints from their opponents. The Amildar, Mr. Sundararajengar, was rightly censured by the Deputy Commissioner for his

Muzrai, dated 5th March 1906.

very hasty and unauthorized action. The new temple has been built close to the Sri Janardhanaswami temple and it is complained that no intervening space has been left to allow of persons to go in Pradakshina around the Sri Janardhanaswami temple. There is no doubt truth in this complaint and the remedy appears to be that either the new temple should be altogether removed from its present situation and built elsewhere or that alterations should be made therein so as to leave an open space of $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet between the two temples as agreed to by the Tengales in a Mutchalika given by them to the Deputy Commissioner, Rao Bahadur Mr. Madiah. The removal of the temple, which has been actually consecrated and worship wherein is conducted, is an extreme measure which, in the opinion of Government, does not appear called for in the circumstances of this case. The Government therefore direct that the order of the Deputy Commissioner, Rao Bahadur Mr. Madiah, should be immediately carried out, that is, that the Tengales should alter the new building so as to have an open space of $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet between the two temples, which might be used as a passage between them for making Pradakshine. If it is impossible to carry out this alteration without displacing the idol of the Jeeyar newly consecrated, the situation must be faced and the temple removed elsewhere. This order should be fully carried out within three months from this date and a report submitted on the subject on the expiry of that period. As regards the request of the Tengales that on the day of the Jeeyar's Tirunakshatram, the idol of God Sri Gunja Narasimhaswami should be allowed to be brought to their new temple and worshipped there and that their new Jeeyar idol should be permitted to be taken in procession in the streets in front of and facing the image of the God Sri Gunja Narasimhaswami, the Government observe that this request cannot be granted as the proposed action would be against *mamul*. They are of opinion that all innovations tending to sectarian differences and caste feuds must be put down with a firm hand, and they are not therefore prepared to show any concession to the Tengales who have sought to establish an innovation against an express order and by irregular means. All innovations regarding the Jeeyar must therefore be prevented and the *mamul* must be strictly adhered to. The old *tasdik* allowance of Rs 1-7-3 per annum for the Jeeyar's Tirunakshatram will be continued as already ordered by Government.

4. Secondly, as regards the Desikar of the Vadagale sect. In 1899, a petition was received in this office from Yajurveda Singlachar and others of the Tengale sect stating that there was no Desikar Utsava idol in the Gunja Narasimhaswami temple and that some of the Vadagale Brahmins had been contemplating to newly consecrate one of the old Vighrahas in the temple. This petition was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner by the late Muzrai Secretary with the observation that, if the allegation contained in the petition were true, no consecration of any new idol in the temple should be permitted. Thereupon the Amildar, Mr. Sundararajengar, appears to have stopped the Desikar's Utsavams. A counter-petition was received from the Vadagale Brahmins on the subject and the Deputy Commissioner has submitted the records of his local enquiry. From these records it is clear that the Vadagales have a stone image of Desikar within the premises of the Sri Gunja Narasimhaswami temple, and also an Utsava Vighraha and that the god is brought to the Desikar's temple and then taken out in procession in the streets with the Desikar in front as Yeduru Utsavam. All these facts are clearly established by the report submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Mr. C. B. Seshagiri Rao, who was specially deputed by the Deputy Commissioner for the purposes of local enquiry. The Tengales have tried to show that the Utsava Murti of Desikar is a spurious one, but the Government find that the existence of the idol has been proved by the old accounts of the temple. In these circumstances the Government are pleased to direct that all the *mamuls* relating to the Desikar in the matter of the worship and the Yeduru Utsavam in the streets must be restored and allowed to go on. The Deputy Commissioner is requested to see that these orders are duly carried out.

L. ANANTASAMI RAO,
Secy. to Govt., Muzrai Dept.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, returning the vernacular records.

1905-06

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS
THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE

M U Z R A I

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 5th March 1906

No. 3742
Muz. F. 52 of 1895

Passing orders on the dispute between
Tengale and Vadagale Sri Vaishnavas at
T.-Narsipur regarding the Jecyar and
Desikar Utsavams.

1-10-1906

Presented
by Mysore
Sungalachan in Mysore
2/10/06

The Dewan
The Government of Mysore

Most honored sir,

We the undersigned humble petition
of T. Karasipure pray that your honor
will be graciously pleased to pursue the
following and crown with success.

We have left a space of a foot and a
half between the temples of Jeyar and
Janardanaswami Jora (Pradakshinani,
as per recent order No: 3742, 3744 dated 5th
March 1906.

The same order states that it is premanu
to carry the procession of Sree Gunjanarasimha
Swami to the Jeyar Sannadhi on the ni
Thirunakshatram day, and to have the pro-
-cession of Jeyar in front of Sree Gunja
Karasimha Swami in the Streets and so
order will be given for the procession.

But

Refused
2/10/06

the Lastiki may be granted to the
New Jeevar as per previous order. This order
prohibited what was going on according to
the Lastiki on Jeevar Shrunakshathram day
since a long time. Therefore we humbly pray
that your honor will be graciously pleased to
correct and modify the above portion of the
order and do justice by perusing the records.

3. Your honor will find in the records that
there was a Jeevar Vigrahaw in the Temple
which was removed by some-body owing to the
(Jid) existing between the Shenkale and
Badakale Communities. Since then Rama-
nujacharya was representing the Jeevar on
the Shrunakshathram day and receiving
honors on behalf of Jeevar as per Lastiki
(vide Laluk Bida Manegar report no: 69
of 14-11-1863, and an endorsement to the
Shenkale Community from the Laluk no: 10
of 18-12-1863. (Print Copy C. & D.)

We, submitted several petitions to the
government requesting, to instalate a new

Jeezar Vigraham in the place of former Jeezar. For that the Government was pleased to order, to erect a new building outside the Temple & installate a new Jeezar there.

After the installation of the Jeezar we requested the Government to grant the Thastik which was going on in the Ramanujachari Sannadhi for the sake of Jeezar on the Thirunakshatram day. The Government asked the Deputy Commissioner to submit a report about the Thastik. Then the Amildar was asked by the Dy. Commissioner to submit a detailed report, Then the Amildar asked the Temple Parpathegar to submit a report about the Thastik. His report no: 777 dated 10.5.99 runs as follows. "There is a Thastik of 1-7-3 for the Jeezar. Jeezar Thirunakshatram falls on Thulamasaam, Moolanakshatram day, and Thodakam will commence 5 days previous to the Thirunakshatram (i.e.) re-creation of Prabandham)

And there will be (Thirumanjavan) &c
(Abhishekam) on the Srurakohatram day,
and the procession of Jeeyar in front of
Sree Ganjanarasimha Swami & then the
Mantapotsavam & then the distribution
of Theertham & prasadam. And in the
night there will be a Pedavattu Utsavam.
And on the next day, there will be
a Gandhapadu Utsavam. In accordance
with Circular Dirupa dated 1st January
1830. of His Highness the Late Sree -
Krishnaraja Wodeyar Bahadur all
honors will be paid in Kotarotsavam.
All these will be taking place in Rama-
nathachariyar Sannadhi."

The Amildar submitted detailed
Lastik lists to the Deputy Commissioner
on 12-5-99. And the Deputy Commissioner
has also recommended the Government
after perusing the Lastik list, that
Lastik may be granted to the Jeeyar
newly dedicated.

The Government after perusing the report of the Deputy Commissioner gave an order no: 660 (in 1901) that the Lastik which was going on in Ramanujacharya Swami Sannidhi, may be granted to the newly installed Jeevar image.

The above references clearly support that there was Jeevar in the temple with the Lastik of 1-7-3, and after the removal of that Jeevar, the honors which were mentioned in the Lastik list were paying in Ramanujacharya Sannidhi, for the sake of Jeevar on the Jeevar's Tirunakshatra day. These documentary evidences are quite sufficient to establish the mannool

The recent orders are not based upon facts and above references. The Lastik means, abhishekam to Jeevar and Utharavam to Sree Gunjakharamba Swami of Jeevar as mentioned in Parpathazari's Report no 77 of 10-5-99. Whereas The Government order strictly says to take the Gunja

in anarasimha Swami Uthavam to
newly built Jeezar Temple and to
have the procecion of Jeezar in front of God
is Gire Mamule and this could not be
done, and Lastik of 1-7-3 is granted as per
previous order. What should be done by taking
1-7-3.

We requested the Government to grant
an order to installate a Jeezar bigrahani in
the place of previous one in the Temple. For that
We were ordered to build the Jeezar Sannadhi
outside the Temple & installate the Jeezar
bigrahani there. We did it accordingly.

Is the coming of God to the new Temple
is Gire Mamool? As it is not formerly the
Jeezar Sannadhi was in the Temple - 'Gob'.
Ordered us to change the place. We changed
the place, during the interval between the
removal of the former Jeezar & the installation
new Jeezar, the procecion of Sree Gnanja
'mha Swami' was going to Ramanujachariyer

When the image of Jeejar is dedicated the
procession of the God should go & visit the
Jeejar on Tirunakshatram day as usual
that was going in the Ramanujachariar's
Samidhi every year.

Your honor may take the Matams as an ^{idea} ~~idea~~
Now there are four Matams in the Mysore
Province. If one Swami dies another Swami
will succeed & the successor Swami will receive
all the honors according to the last will, that
was receiving by his predecessor. And your honor
just take the instance of Sree Ahobala Swami
Mutt. The new Swami succeeded the former
after 4 or 5 years. This is also one like that.

There is no term Namool among the
Vishnu Temples. We have only Sampradaya
That all the images of Poorvacharyas are
to be dedicated in the Vishnu Temple
is a long established Sampradaya. The
Jeejar & Desikar both are aacharyas. And
in all the Vishnu Temples such as in
Srirangapatam, Melukote, &c. the
image

of Jeezar and Desikar ~~as~~ have been
dedicated along with other Vignabanas of
Poorvacharyas. The Jeezar & Desikar
receive equal honors in every Temple,
& in all the temples there are equal Taatik
lists. And in the temple of Karasipure too
the taatik lists of Jeezar and Desikar are equal
To prove ~~the~~ ^{and} support the above Sampradaya
we beg to quote the Viropas of His Highness
the Late Sree Krishna Raja Wodeyar Bahadur.
The Viropas A. of 1829 runs as follows.

Wherever there are Vishnu Temples in
your Taluks, if there are no images of
Pellalokacharya & Jeezar in them installate
the images in the Temples and submit
a list of Costs. No need should be given to
any body's objection on this score" (vide print copy A.)

The Second Viropas of 1st January 1830
provided for the Jeezar & Desikar the
order of precedence which should be observed
on the Festive occasions of Sree Bhaskar
Protasavau,

3.

Kaishika, Dwadasi, and Kotarotsavams.

In the very Hiroofa, His Highness has expressed
as follows. ~~~~~

Both the Kales (Shenkale & Dodakale) are
equal to us like our two eyes, and therefore
let the Greevishnuwas of the parties be
friendly to each other and share all honors
equally between them, and let them not quarrel.
The Raja guru of our Soumastanam
Sree Bramhantantra, Ghantawathara ~
Parakala Swami and Chikka Swami
both in their hand writing have kindly
informed us that both the Kales are
like the two feet of the Sree Bhaskykar
and that the acharya images of both sects
are of equal value to them, and that
honors such as are shown in Melukota
and all other Vishnu Temples in His
Highness dominions & such as established
in the Prasanna krishnaswami Temple
are to be observed, for all time to come.
“ The Dodda Sree (Parakala guru
of

ಕೊಂಕಣಿಗಾಂಗವಿಧಿ. ಪೂರ್ವ
ಕೊಂಕಣಿಗಾಂಗವಿಧಿ. ಪೂರ್ವ
ಕೊಂಕಣಿಗಾಂಗವಿಧಿ. ಪೂರ್ವ

ಕೊಂಕಣಿಗಾಂಗವಿಧಿ. ಪೂರ್ವ

1830 ರಲ್ಲಿ ಪೂರ್ವದ ಕೊಂಕಣಿಗಾಂಗವಿಧಿ. ಪೂರ್ವ
ಪೂರ್ವದ ಕೊಂಕಣಿಗಾಂಗವಿಧಿ. ಪೂರ್ವ
ಪೂರ್ವದ ಕೊಂಕಣಿಗಾಂಗವಿಧಿ. ಪೂರ್ವ

ಕೊಂಕಣಿಗಾಂಗವಿಧಿ. ಪೂರ್ವ

ಕೊಂಕಣಿಗಾಂಗವಿಧಿ. ಪೂರ್ವ

Seal.

Virodhi, Kartik Suddha, 7th Saturday
From Sri Krishnaraj Wodeyar.
To all the Amil Killedeas of our Palace—
Dominions.

Order.

In the Blessed Temple of Melkote, which is Vaikuntha on earth, the image of Pulla Lokacharya has been installed and we have blessed ourselves by paying our homage to it. Wherever there are Vishnu Temples in your Taluks there install the images of Pulla Lokacharya and Jeeyar, and send us applications with estimates of cost, for this ceremony. No head should be given to any objections on this score

Dated 7th November 1829.

Munshi Venkatesaraj's Writing
H H's Camp, Melkote.
(Sd) SRI KRISHNA,
The Maharaja of Mysore.
(in Canara)

Seal.

KRISHNARAJ WODEYAR,
Salivahana Saka 1751,
Current Virodhi, Pushya Sudha, 7 Sunday

Order.

To the Palace Gunjajoggar and Puppethgar of the Melkote Temple, and to the Istakapal Papattigar, Anchi Kacheri Gurukar, Venkatesaraj has carried out the installation of the image of Pulla Lokacharya in the Melkote Temple, and after repeating the same, solicits orders as to the order of precedence which should be observed in the case of Pulla Lokacharya, Jeeyar and Desikar, as to the honors to be shown them on the festive occasions of Sri Bhashyalara

ಮೊಹರಿದೆ.

ಶ್ರೀ

ಕೃಷ್ಣರಾಜವೊಡೆಯರವರು

ವಿರೋಧಿ ಸಂಪತ್ತವರ ಕಾರ್ತಿಕ ಶುದ್ಧ ೭ ಸಿದ್ಧಿ
ವಾರದಬ್ಬು ಶ್ರೀಮತು “

ಮನೆಮೆ ಗಡಿಗಳ ಆಮಿಲ್ ಕಿಲ್ಲೆದಾರಿಗೆ ಸಹಾ
ಬರಿಸಿ ಕಳುಹಿಸಿದ ನಿರೂಪ ಅದಾಗಿ -ಭೂಲೋಕ ವೈ
ಕುಂಠವಾಸ ಮೊಬ್ಬಗೊಟ್ಟಿ ನೀಯವರ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನದಲ್ಲಿ
ಪುಳಲೋಕಾಚಾರ್ಯರ ವಿಗ್ರಹ ಪ್ರತಿಷ್ಠೆ ಮಾಡಿ -ಈ ದಿನ
ಸ ದರುಸನವನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿ, ಕೃತಾರ್ಥರಾದೆವು ನಿಮ್ಮ
ನಿಮ್ಮ ತುಲ್ಲಾಕುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಇರತಕ್ಕ ಯಾವ ವಿಷ್ಣು ಆಲಯ
ಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಪುಳಲೋಕಾಚಾರ್ಯ, ಜೇಯ್ಯರ ವಿಗ್ರಹ ಇಡ
ಮಾಡಿ ಯಿಲ್ಲವೆಂದು ತಿಳಿಸುವ ಸಗಲಿ ಈ ಹರದೋ
ವಿಗ್ರಹಗಳನ್ನು ಪ್ರತಿಷ್ಠೆ ಮಾಡಿ ಆ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಬರ್ಚುಪಟ್ಟಿ
ನಿತಿ, ಅರ್ಜಿ ಬರದುಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದು, ಈ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ
ಯಾರ ಹರಕತ್ತು ಕೆಳಕೆಲಸವಿಲ್ಲ

ಬತಾರೀಯ ೭ನೇ ಮಾಹ	ಈ ಬಳಿ ಶ್ರೀ ಕೃಷ್ಣ ಎಂದು ಮೈಸೂರ ಮಹಾ ರಾಜ ರಾಜಾ ನಾಹೇಬ್ ಬಹದ್ದೂರವರ ಸೈನ್ಯ ಕ ನ್ನಡದಲ್ಲಿದೆ
ನವಂಬರ್ ಸನ್ ೧೮೨೯ನೇ	
ಇಸವಿ ತತ್ತ್ವ ವೆಂಕಟೇಶ	
ಯ್ಯ ಮುನೋ ಹುಜೂರ್	
ದರ ಮೊಕ್ಕಾಂ ಮೇಲು	

ಗೊಟ್ಟಿ

ಮೊಹರಿದೆ.

ಕೃಷ್ಣರಾಜವೊಡೆಯರವರು

ತಾರೀಖಾದಿನತಕ ವರ್ಷಗಳು ೧೭೫೧ನೇ ಸಂದ
ವರ್ತಮಾನ, ವಿರೋಧಿ ಸಂಪತ್ತವರ ಪುಷ್ಯ ಶುದ್ಧ ೭ ಶು
ಕ್ರವಾರದಬ್ಬು ಶ್ರೀಮತು || ಮೊಲ್ಕೋಟೆ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನ
ನದ ಹಾರ್ತಿ ವಾರಪತ್ಯೆಗಾರ್ ಸಮುಖದ ಗುಂಜು
ಜೋಯಿಸರು ಇಸ್ತಕಪಾಲ್ ವಾರಪತ್ಯೆಗಾರ್ತಿಗ -ಸಹಾ
ಬರಿಸಿ ಕಳುಹಿಸಿದ ದುಕ್ಕುಂ ನಾಮ ಅದಾಗಿ ಹಜೂರು
ಅಂಚೆ ಕಚ್ಚೇರಿ ಗುರಿಕಾರ ವೆಂಕಟೇಶಯ್ಯನು ಹುಜೂರ್
ದುಕ್ಕುಂ ಮುಂಗಿ ಮೊಲ್ಕೋಟೆ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನದಲ್ಲಿ ಪುಳ
ಲೋಕಾಚಾರ್ಯರ ವಿಗ್ರಹ ಪ್ರತಿಷ್ಠೆ ಮಾಡಿ ಬಂದು ಹು
ಜೂರಲ್ಲಿ ಅರಿಕೆಮಾಡಿದ್ದು -ದೇವರ ಸನ್ನಿಧಿಗೆ ಪುಳಲೋ
ಕಾಚಾರ್ಯರು, ಜೇಯ್ಯರು ದೇವರು, ಸಹ ಶ್ರೀ ಭಾಷ್ಯ
ಕಾರ್ತಿ ತಿರುಸಕ್ಷತ್ರ ಪವಿತ್ರೋತ್ತಮ ಕೈರಿಕ ದ್ವಾದಿ

Tirunakshatra, Pavitrotsava, Kaisika-Dvadasi and Kottikotsava, viz., the honors of Arulappadu, Sathagopa, Tirumale, Naivedya, Tirtha Prasada and others.

Up to the Sri Bhashyakarar, the honor of Naivedya, Arulappadu, Tirumale, Sri Sathagopa etc., should be performed according to the line of Purvacharyas, and then to Sri Bhashyakara himself. Then they should be done to Sri Bhashyakaras immediate disciple, Kurattalvar. Then the Naivedya, and Tirthaprasada should be divided into two equal parts. One part should be taken by one Archaka and shown to Pulla Lokacharya and his disciple Jeeyar, and the other part should be shown to Desikar by another Archaka, both at the same time. But Arulappadu, Tirumale and Sri Sathagopa cannot be done simultaneously. Therefore during the Kottikotsava on the first day, let these be done first to Desikar, and then to Pulla Lokacharya and his disciple Jeeyar. On the second day, let these be done first to Pulla Lokacharyar and Jiyar, and next to Desikar. Thus let the honors be done alternatingly, i.e., on the 3rd, 5th, 7th and 9th days, first to Desikar, and next to Pulla Lokacharyar and Jiyar and on the 4th, 6th, 8th, and the 10th Sattumurai day, first to Pulla Lokacharyar and Jiyar, and next to Desikar.

On the Sri Bhashyakara Tirunakshatra day, let the honors be done in this order, viz first to Pulla Lokacharyar and Jiyar,—in the midday celebration,—and to Desikar. In the night, at the Yaduru Leve celebration, and Tirivaymali Sattumairai Utsava time, let the honors be done first to Desikar and next to Pulla Lokacharyar and Jiyar.

During the Pavitrotsava, let the honors be done first to Desikar and next to Pulla Lokacharya and Jiyar, on the first day, reversing this order on the second day, and so on.

As Kaisika Dvadasi is only one and the same day, let the honors be done to Pulla Lokacharyar and Jiyar first, and next to Desikar, one year, and reversing the order the next year and so on.

ಕೊಟ್ಟುಕೊಡುವವರಲ್ಲಿ ಎಲ್ಲರೂ ಒಟ್ಟಾಗಿ ಬಿಜಮಾಡಿತಿ ದಾಗ್ಯೆ ಅರುಳಪ್ಪಾಡು, ಶರಣೋಪ, ತಿರುಮಾಲೆ, ನಂವೇದ್ಯ ತೀರ್ಥಪ್ರಸಾದ, ಮುಂತಾದ ಮರ್ಮಾದಿಗಳ ಪೂರೈಸುವ ವಿಚಾರಕ್ಕೆ ಹಾಗೆ ಮಾಡಿಸಬೇಕೆಂಬದಾಗಿ ಅರಿಕೆಮಾಡಿದ ಬಗ್ಯೆ ಅಪ್ಪಣೆಕೊಟ್ಟ ವಿವರ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಭಾಷ್ಯಕಾರರ ಪರಿಯಂತ್ರಕ್ಕೂ ಪೂರೈಕಾರ್ಯ ರಿಗೆ ಅವರವರ ಶಿಷ್ಯಾನುಕ್ರಮವಾಗಿ, ಒಬ್ಬ ರಿಗೆ ನೇವೇದ್ಯ ದ್ಯವಾದ ಶೇಷ ಒಬ್ಬ ರಿಗೆ ಈ ಮೇರೆ ಭಾಷ್ಯಕಾರರ ಪರಿಯಂತ್ರ, ನೇವೇದ್ಯ ಅರಳಪ್ಪಾಡು, ತಿರುಮಾಲೆ, ಶ್ರೀ ಶರಣೋಪ, ಮುಂತಾದ ಮರ್ಮಾದಿಗಳ ಮಾಡಿ, ಅನಂತರ ಶ್ರೀಭಾಷ್ಯಕಾರರ ನೇವೇದ್ಯ ತೀರ್ಥಪ್ರಸಾದಗಳನ್ನು, ಭಾಷ್ಯಕಾರರ ಸಾಕ್ಷಾತ್ಪ್ರಿಯರಾದ, ಕೂರತ್ತಾಳ್ವರಿಗೆ ನೇವೇದ್ಯ ಸಮರ್ಪಣೆ ಮಾಡಿ, ಅರಳಪ್ಪಾಡು ಮುಂತಾದ ಮರ್ಮಾದಿಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿ, ತಪ್ಪೇವನನ್ನು ಭಾಗವ್ವಯ ಮಾಡಿ ಒಬ್ಬ ಅರ್ಚಕರು ಪುಳಲೋಕಾಚಾರ್ಯರಿಗೆ, ಇವರ ಶಿಷ್ಯರಾದ ಜೀಯ್ಯರಿಗೆ ಸಹಾ ಒಂದುಭಾಗ ದಿನೇದನ ಮಾಡುವುದು ಮತ್ತೊಂದು ಭಾಗವನ್ನು ಮತ್ತೊಬ್ಬ ಅರ್ಚಕರು. ದೇಶಿಕರಿಗೆ ದಿನೇದನ ಮಾಡುವುದು, ಈ ಮೇರೆಗೆ ತೀರ್ಥಪ್ರಸಾದ ದಿನೇದನಗಳನ್ನು ಸಮಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡುವುದು, ಅರಳಪ್ಪಾಡು, ತಿರುಮಾಲೆ, ಶ್ರೀಶರಣೋಪ ಮರ್ಮಾದಿಗಳು, ಸಮಾನಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಇಲ್ಲವಾದ್ದರಿಂದ, ಕೊಟ್ಟುಕೊಡುವದಲ್ಲಿ ಮೊದಲಾದಿನಸ ಪ್ರಥಮದಲ್ಲಿ ಅರಳಪ್ಪಾಡು, ತಿರುಮಾಲೆ, ಶ್ರೀಶರಣೋಪ ಮರ್ಮಾದಿಗಳು ಸಹಾ ದೇಶಿಕರಿಗೆ ಮಾಡಿ, ಅನಂತರ ಪುಳಲೋಕಾಚಾರ್ಯರು, ಇವರ ಶಿಷ್ಯರಾದ ಜೀಯ್ಯರಿಗೆ ಸಹಾ ಈ ಮರ್ಮಾದಿಗಳು ಮಾಡುವುದು. ಎರಡನೇ ದಿನಸ ಪುಳಲೋಕಾಚಾರ್ಯರು, ಜೀಯ್ಯರಿಗೆ ಸಹಾ ಪ್ರಥಮದಲ್ಲಿ ಅರಳಪ್ಪಾಡು, ತಿರುಮಾಲೆ, ಶ್ರೀ ಶರಣೋಪ ಮುಂತಾದ ಮರ್ಮಾದಿಗಳ ಮಾಡಿ, ಅನಂತರ ದೇಶಿಕರಿಗೆ ಈ ಮೇರೆ ಮರ್ಮಾದಿ ಮಾಡುವುದು. ಈ ಮೇರೆ ಮೂರನೇ ದಿನಸ ಐದನೇ ದಿನಸ, ಏಳನೇ ದಿನಸ, ಪ್ರೇಂಭತ್ತನೇ ದಿನಸಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ದೇಶಿಕರಿಗೆ ಅಗ್ರಮರ್ಮಾದಿ ಮಾಡಿ, ಅನಂತರ ಪುಳಲೋಕಾಚಾರ್ಯರು, ಜೀಯ್ಯರಿಗೂ, ಸಹ ಮರ್ಮಾದಿಗಳ ಮಾಡುವುದು. ನಾಲ್ಕನೇ ದಿನಸ, ಆರನೇ ದಿನಸ, ಎಂಟನೇ ದಿನಸ, ಹತ್ತನೇ ಶತಮರೆ ದಿನಸಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಪುಳಲೋಕಾಚಾರ್ಯರೂ, ಇವರ ಶಿಷ್ಯರಾದ ಜೀಯ್ಯರಿಗೆ ಸಹಾ ಅಗ್ರ ಮರ್ಮಾದಿ ಮಾಡಿ, ಅನಂತರ ದೇಶಿಕರಿಗೆ ಮರ್ಮಾದಿ ಮಾಡುವುದು, ಶ್ರೀ ಭಾಷ್ಯಕಾರರ ತಿರುನಕ್ಷತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಧ್ಯಾನ್ಹೋತ್ತಮದಲ್ಲಿ, ಶ್ರೀ ಶರಣೋಪ ಶ್ರೀ ಭಾಷ್ಯಕಾರರ ಪಾನಕ್ಕೆ ತಿರುಮಾಲೆ, ಮುಂತಾದ ಮರ್ಮಾದಿಗಳನ್ನು ಪುಳಲೋಕಾಚಾರ್ಯರು, ಜೀಯ್ಯರಿಗೆ ಸಹಾ ಪ್ರಥಮದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಡಿ ಅನಂತರ ದೇಶಿಕರಿಗೆ ಮರ್ಮಾದಿ ಮಾಡು

His Highness was on a visit to Melkote for the Ashṭa-Tīrthostava. The Raja Guru of our Saṁsthāna Sri Brahmāntantia Ghantavatara Parakalaswami, and the Chikka Swami both in their own handwriting have kindly informed us that both the Kales (Pengalai and Vadagalai) are like the two sects of Sri Bhashyakara, and that the Acharya images of both the parties are of equal value to them, and that honors such as are shown in Melkote and all other Vishnu Temples in H. H.'s Dominions, may be established in the Prasanna Krishna Devar Temple, to be observed for all time to come, and that any differences which might have crept in the services of the Melkote Temple in course of time, may be set right so as to equalize honors between the two Kales (sects).

The Dodda Sri (Prakala Guru) of ours expressed himself similarly when the image of Jiyar was installed in the Varaha Swami Temple at Mysore. We order that in the Melkote and all other Vishnu Temples in our territories, let honours be done (to both Kales) in the same manner as has been ordered to be observed in the Prasanna Krishnaswami Temple (at Mysore). Let this order be posted in the Bhandara of the Melkote Temple, and let copies be made and preserved in the records of every Vishnu Temple of our Province; and let it be observed strictly.

D. 1st January, 1830. Here H. H. writes in his own
 Written by Hon- handwriting thus — ‘ Let the
 navata Krishna Rao above orders be brought into
 Munshi. force.’

(Sd) SRI KRISHNA.

ಪ್ರಮ. ಈ ರಾತ್ರಿ ಎದುರುಕೇವೆಗೆ ಬೇಸರು ಬಿಜನೂ
ಡಿ ತಿರುನಾಯಿಮೂಳ ಶಾತ್ರುಮರೆ ಉತ್ಸವದಲ್ಲಿ ಈ
ಮುರ್ದಾದಿಗಳು ದೇಶಿಕರಿಗೆ ಮುಂಚಿತವಾಗಿಮಾಡಿ ಆಮೇಲೆ
ಪುಳಲೋಕಾರ್ಯರು, ಜಿಯ್ಯರಿಗೆ ಸಮಾ ಮುರ್ದಾದಿ
ಮದುವುವುದು ಸವಿತೃತ್ವ ಪದದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಥಮ ದಿವಸ
ದೇಶಿಕರಿಗೆ, ಈ ಮೇರೆ ಆಗ್ರಮುರ್ದಾದಿ ಅನಂತರ ಪುಳ
ಲೋಕಾರ್ಯರು ಜಿಯ್ಯರಿಗೆ ಆಗ್ರಮುರ್ದಾದಿ ಅನಂತರ
ದೇಶಿಕರಿಗೆ ಮುರ್ದಾದ ಈ ಮೇರೆ ಮಾಡುವುದು. ಕೈರಿಕ
ವಾದುದು ಬಂದ ಆದಕಾರಣ ಬಂದು ವರ್ಷ ಪ್ರಥಮದಲ್ಲಿ
ಪುಳಲೋಕಾರ್ಯರು, ಜಿಯ್ಯರಿಗೂ ಸಮಾ ಆಗ್ರಮು
ರ್ದಾದ ಮಾಡಿ ಅನಂತರ ದೇಶಿಕರಿಗೆ ಮಾಡುವುದು. ಮು
ತ್ತೊಂದು ವರ್ಷ ಮುಂಚಿತವಾಗಿ ದೇಶಿಕರಿಗೆ ಆಗ್ರಮು
ರ್ದಾದ ಮಾಡಿ, ಅನಂತರ ಪುಳಲೋಕಾರ್ಯರಿಗೂ, ಜಿ
ಯ್ಯರಿಗೂ ಸಮಾ ಮುರ್ದಾದಿ ಮಾಡುವುದು. ಸಕಲೋ
ತ್ತಮಗಳಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ಅವರವರ ಕಾರ್ಯವೂ, ನಿರಾಂಜನಗ
ಳನ್ನು ಆಯಾಯ ಸನ್ನಿಧಿಗೆ ಪ್ರತ್ಯೇಕವಾಗಿ ಅರ್ಚಕರು
ಮಾಡಿಕ್ಕೊಂತ್ತು ಸಮೃದ್ಧ ಸಂಸ್ಥಾನಕ್ಕೆ ಉಭಯ ಕಲೆ
ಯೂ ಎರಡು ಸೌತ್ರಸ್ಥಾನವಾದ್ದರಿಂದ ಉಭಯ ಗೋ
ಸ್ಥಿತ್ರಿ ವೈಷ್ಣವರು ಪರಸ್ಪರ ಅನ್ಯೋನ್ಯದಿಂದ ಸಮ
ಮುರ್ದಾದವಾಗಿದ್ದು ಕ್ಕೊಂಡು, ಇರುವವೇ ಹೊರತು ಕಲಹ
ಮಾಡತಾಗದು ಈ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ವಾಸ್ತವ ಸಮಾ ಅಪ್ಪಲಿ
ಫೂಲತ್ವ ಪಕ್ಕೆ ಮೇಲೊಕ್ಕೇಗೆ ಚಿತ್ತೋದ್ವಿಗ್ನ ಈ
ಸಂಸ್ಥಾನದ ರಾಜಗುರುಗಳಾದ ಶ್ರೀ ಬ್ರಹ್ಮತಂತ್ರ ಭೂಮಾ
ವತಾರ ವರಕಾಶಸ್ವಾಮಿಗಳು, ಚಿಕ್ಕ ಸ್ವಾಮಿಗಳು,
ಸಮಾ ವಾಸು ದಸ್ತದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಪ್ಪಣೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಶ್ರೀಮು
ಂದ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯವೇನಂದರೆ? ಸಮೃದ್ಧಿ ವೈಷ್ಣವ
ನಿದಾಂತಕ್ಕೆ ಉಭಯ ಕಲೆಯು ಶ್ರೀ ಭಾಷ್ಯಕಾರರ
ಎರಡು ಶ್ರೀಪಾದಗಳೊಪಾದಿಯಲ್ಲಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಅನಾದಿ
ಯಾಗಿ ಈ ಉಭಯ ಕಲಾ ಅಚಾರ್ಯ ವಿಗ್ರಹಗಳು ಶ್ರೀ
ವೈಷ್ಣವರಿಗೆ ಸಮ ಸಮಾನವಾಗಿ ಈ ಮೇಲೊಕ್ಕೇ ಮುಂ
ತಾಗಿ, ಮೈಸೂರ್ ಸಂಸ್ಥಾನಾಂತರ್ಗತವಾದ ಭಗವದಾಲ
ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಮುರ್ದಾದಿಗಳು ನಡೆದುಬರುತ್ತಾಯಿರುವ
ಮೇರೆ ಈಗಲೂ, ಮೈಸೂರು ಶ್ರೀ ಪ್ರಸನ್ನಕೃಷ್ಣ ಸ್ವಾಮಿ
ದೇವಾಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸಕಲ ಮುರ್ದಾದಿಗಳನ್ನು ಮಹಾಪ್ರಭು
ಗಳವರು ಸಾರೋದ್ಧಾರವಾಗಿ ನಡೆದುಬರುವಂತೆ, ಅಪ್ಪ
ಣೆ ಕೊಡಿಸಿರುವ ಮೇಲೆಗೆ ಮೇಲೊಕ್ಕೇ ಸ್ಥಳದಲ್ಲಿ ಸ್ವಲ್ಪ
ಕಾಲ ವಿರೇನದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಸ್ತವಾದ ಮುರ್ದಾದ ವೈಷ್ಣವ
ವನ್ನು ಪರಿಹರಿಸಿ, ಸರ್ವಸಮಾನಾಗಿ ಮುರ್ದಾದಿ ನಡೆಸಿಕೊಂಡು
ಬರುವಂತೆ ವಿದಾಪ್ರಭುಗಳವರು ಅಪ್ಪಣೆ ಕೊಡಿಸಿ
ಬೇಕೆಂಬ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯಗಳಾಗಿ ಉಭಯ ಶ್ರೀಗಳವರು,
ಅಪ್ಪಣೆ ಕೊಡಿಸಿದ ಶ್ರೀ ಮುಂದವ ಮೇರೆ. ಮೈಸೂರು
ಶ್ರೀ ವರಕಾಶಸ್ವಾಮಿ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನ ಜಿಯ್ಯಾರ ಪ್ರತಿಷ್ಠೆ

ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ, ದೊಡ್ಡ ಶ್ರೀಗಳವರು, ಅಪ್ಪಣೆ ಕೊಡಿಸಿರುವ ಮೇರೆ ನಮ್ಮ ಸಂಸ್ಥಾನಕ್ಕೆ ಶೇರಿದ ಮೇಲ್ಮೊಟ್ಟೆ ದಿವ್ಯ ದೇಶ ಮುಂತಾದ ಸಿಖಳ ಭಗವದಾಲಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿಯೂ, ಮರಾಠೆಗಳು ಶ್ರೀ ಪ್ರಸನ್ನಕೃಷ್ಣ ಸಾಮಿ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನದ ಮೇರಿಗೆ ಅನ್ಯೂನಾತಿರಿಕ್ತವಾಗಿ ಮಾಡಿಸುತ್ತಾ ಬರುವುದು. ಈ ಹುಕ್ಕುಂ ನಾಪೆಯನ್ನು ಮೇಲ್ಮೊಟ್ಟೆ ಶ್ರೀ ಯವರ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನದ ಭಂಡಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಕಟ್ಟಿರಿ, ಈ ಸಕಲನ್ನು ನಮ್ಮ ಸಂಸ್ಥಾನದ ವಳಿತವಾದ ಸಮಸ್ತ ವಿವಿಧ ಅಲಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿಯೂ, ಬರಿಕೊಂಡು, ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನದ ಬೊಕ್ಕಸದಲ್ಲಿ ಕಟ್ಟಿರಿ ಅಮೇರಿಗೆ ಸಡಮಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತಾ ಬರುವುದು.

ತಾ|| ೧ನೇ ಮಾಪ. ಜನ
ವರಿ ೧೮೩೦ ನೇ ಇಸವಿ.
ಬತ್ತು ಹೊನ್ನಾವಾರದ
ಕ್ರಿಷ್ಣರಾವ್. ಮುನಿ
ಹುಜೂರ್ ಕೂರನೂರು.

ಈ ಬಳಿ ಬಾಸಾ ಅಕ್ಷರ
ದಲ್ಲಿ, ಸದರಿ ಅಪ್ಪಣೆ ಕೊ
ಡಿಸಿರುವ ಮೇರಿಗೆ ಸಡಮ
ಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದು ಎಂದು
ದೇ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಕೃಷ್ಣಾ ಎಂದು
ಬಾಸಾ ಸೈನ್ ಇದೆ.

M. No. 69.

From Talkad Taluq Katcherry. Order to Bida Manegar, Srinivasiah of Narasipur Temple.

Report No. 79 informing that Rs. 1-7-3 the amount to be usually paid for Jeyar Tirunakshatrum ceremony has not been paid and orders are not yet received, affirmative or negative, as to the celebration of the said ceremony.

It can be made out from your report alone that it is customary to celebrate the Narasimbaswamy Utsavam on the Jeyar Tirunakshatram day, just like on other Tirunakshatram days. The amount of Rs. 1-7-3 the tasdik for the Utsavam is sent through Yagnopavitam Seshayya. to celebrate the Tirunakshatram Utsavam (of Narasimbaswamy) as was customary, since Yagnopavitam Sesha Iyengar Athavaravana Vedam Venkatachar & others have petitioned on the same subject that the expenses of the Utsavam have not been sent to the Temple authorities and the Jeyar Tirunakshatram should be celebrated, though their is no idol (of the Jeyar) by the Utsavam of

ಮು|| ಸಂಬರ್ ೭೯

ತಲಕಾಡು ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಕಚೇರಿಯಿಂದಾ—

ನರಸೀಪುರದ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನದ ಬಿಡಮಣ್ಣಿಗಾರ್ ಶ್ರೀನಿ
ವಾಸ್ಯಯ್ಯನವರಿಗೆ ಹುಕ್ಕುಂ ಅಂಕಿ

ಜೇಯ್ಯರ್ ತಿರುನಕ್ಷತ್ರದ ಐವಜು ಲವಾಜಮು ಬಾ
ಬತ್ತು (೧—೭—೩) ಗಳು ಅಪ್ಪಣೆ ಆಗಲಿಲ್ಲವೆಂದುನ್ನು.
ಸದರಿ ಪುತ್ಸವ ನಡಿಸತಕ್ಕದ್ದಕ್ಕೂ, ನಿಲ್ಲಿಸತಕ್ಕದ್ದಕ್ಕೂ,
ಸಹಾ ಅಪ್ಪಣೆಯಾಗಲಿಲ್ಲವೆಂದು ವಗೈರೆ ೭೯ನೇ ಸಂಬರ್
ರಿಪೋರ್ಟ್ ಜಾಹಿರಾಯಿತು. ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಯಿತರ ಜ
ಯಂತಿ ತಿರುನಕ್ಷತ್ರದೋಪಾದಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಯೀಜೇಯ್ಯರು
ತಿರು ನಕ್ಷತ್ರ ದಿವಸ ನರಸಂಪಸ್ವಾಮಿಯವರಿಗೆ ಉತ್ಸವ
ನಡಿಸತಕ್ಕ ಪದ್ಧತಿ ಯಿರುತ್ತಂತಲೂ, ನಿಮ್ಮ ಸದರಿ ರಿಪೋ
ರ್ಟಿನಿಂದಲೇ ತಿಳಿಯಬರುತ್ತೆ. ಶಿವಾಯಿ ಮತ್ತು ಯಿದೇ
ವಿಷಯವಾಗಿ ಸದರಿ ತಿರುನಕ್ಷತ್ರದ ಐವಜು ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕಿ
ನಿಂದ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನ ಮಜಕೂರಿಗೆ ಅಪ್ಪಣೆ ಆಗಲಿಲ್ಲ ಎಂತ
ಲೂ, ಜೇಯ್ಯರ್ ತಿರುನಕ್ಷತ್ರವೆಂಬುದು ವಿಗ್ರಹವಿಲ್ಲದೆ
ಯಿದ್ದಾಗ್ಯೂ ಅವತ್ತಿನ ದಿವಸ ನಡಿಸತಕ್ಕ ರೇವೆ ಸತ್ಕಾರಾ
ದಿಗಳು ಯಾವತ್ತು ರಾಮಾನುಜಾಚಾರ್ಯರ ಗುಡಿ ಮುಂದು
ಗಡೆಗೆ ಶ್ರೀ ಸ್ವಸಂಪಸ್ವಾಮಿಯವರು ಉತ್ಸವ ದಯಮಾ
ಡಿಸಿ, ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಶೇವೆ ಸತ್ಕಾರಾದಿಗಳು ನಡಿಯುವವಾಗಿ ವಗೈರೆ
ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನದ ಮಜಕೂರು ಯಜ್ಞೋಪವೀತ ರೇಪೈ
ಯ್ಯಂಗಾರರು, ಅಥರ್ವಣ ವೇದ ವೆಂಗ್ವಚಾರು ವಗೈರೆ

Narasimbaswamy being led to the temple of Ramanujacharya where Seva and other worship will be performed. The receipt of the amount should be acknowledged and a report submitted as to the due celebration of the Utsavam.

(Sd.) GOPAL KRISHNAYA,
Sheristadar,
(in Canarese.)

14th Nov. 1863.

No. 10.

ENDORSEMENT.

The Paipatyagar of the temple has been ordered to celebrate the Utsavam referred to (in your petition) as is customary. The Utsavam has been celebrated accordingly.

(Sd.) NAZARALLI BLIG,
Mamaldar,
(in Hindustani).

18th Dec. 1863.

ರು ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕಿಗೆ ಅರ್ಜಿ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವದರಿಂದಲೂ ಸಹಾ ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಈ ತಿರುನಕ್ಷತ್ರದ ಉತ್ಸವ ಶ್ರೀ ನರಸಿಂಹ ಸ್ವಾಮಿಯವರಿಗೆ ನಡೆಯುತ್ತಾ ಬಂದ ಮಾಮೂಲನ್ನು ಈಗಲೂ ಸದರಿ ಉತ್ಸವದ ತಸದೀಕು ಮೊಬಲಗು (೧-೨-೩)ಗಳನ್ನು ಯಜ್ಞೋಪವೀತದ ಶೇಷೈಯ್ಯನ ಮುಖಾಂತರ ಕಳುಹಿಸಿದೆ. ಐವಜು ಬಂದು ದಾಖಲಾದ್ದಕ್ಕೂ, ಜಾಹಿರಾತುವದಲ್ಲದೆ ಉತ್ಸವ ನಡೆದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ, ರಿಪೋರ್ಟ್ ಮಾಡತಕ್ಕದಿಲ್ಲ.

ತಾ|| ೧೪ನೇ ನವಂಬರ್ } ರುಜು ಗೋಪಾಲ ಕ್ರಿಷ್ಣಯ್ಯ
೧೮೬೩ ನೇ ಇಸವಿ } ಶಿರಸ್ತೆದಾರ್ ಎಂದು ಇದೆ.

ಮು|| ನಂಬರ್ ೧೦

ತಲಕಾಡು ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಕಚೇರಿಯಿಂದ

ಅರ್ಜಿದಾರ್ಗಳಿಗೆ ಯಿಂಡಾರ್ಸ್ ಹಕ್ಕುಂ

ನೀವು ನಮೂದು ಮಾಡಿರತಕ್ಕ ಉತ್ಸವ ಮಾಮೂಲು ಮೇರಿಗೆ ನಡೆಸುವಂತೆ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನದ ಪೂರಪತ್ಯೇಗಾರಿಗೆ ತಾಕೀತು ಕೊಟ್ಟಿದೆ. ಆ ಮೇರಿಗೆ ಉತ್ಸವವೂ ನಡೆದಿದೆ ತಿಳಿಯುವುದು.

ಬ ತಾ|| ೧೮ನೇ ನವಾಜ್ } ಯೀ ಬಳಿ ನಜರಲ್ಲಿ ಬೇಗ್
ಡಿಶಂಬರ್ ೧೮೬೩ನೆ ಇಸವಿ } ಮಾಮುಲೇದಾರ್ ಎಂದು
ಹಿಂದಿವೀಲಿ ಸೈನ್ ಇದೆ.



ನಂ|| ೪೮.

ತಲ್ಲಾಡು ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಕಚೇರಿಯಿಂದ ನರಸೀಪುರದ
ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನದ ಪಾರಪತ್ಯೇಗಾರಿಗೆ ಹುಕ್ಕುಂ.

ಈಗ ನಿಮ್ಮ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನದಲ್ಲಿ ನಡೆಯುವ ಕೊಠಾ
ರೋತ್ಸವದಲ್ಲಿ ತೆಂಗಲೆ ಸಂಪ್ರದಾಯಸರಾದ ಪೂರಾ
ಚಾರ್ಯ ಭಕ್ತವಿಗ್ರಹವಾದ ಪುಳಲೋಕಾಚಾರ್ಯರಿಗೂ, ಜೇ
ಯರಿಗೂ ಅರುಳಪ್ಪಾಡು ಮುಂತಾದ್ದು ನಡೆಯುವದಿಲ್ಲ
ವೆಂತ ರಘುನಾಥಾಚಾರು ೧-ಶೇಷೈಯ್ಯಂಗಾರ್ ೧ ಇವರು
ಪಿರಾದುಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಸಂಗತಿ ತನಿಖೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಡಿಟೊ ವಿಗ್ರ
ಹಗಳಿಗೋಸ್ಕರ ಅರುಳಪಾಡು ಮರಾಢಾ ಮಾಮೂಲ್
ಉಂಟೆಂದು ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನದ ಶಾಸ್ತುಭೋಗ ಲಕ್ಷ್ಮೀನರ
ಸಯ್ಯ ೧ ವೆಂಕಟಸುಬ್ಬಯ್ಯ ೧ ಇವರು ಕೈಪಿತ್ತು ಬರ
ತಿರುವುದು ಶಿವಾಯಿ ಈ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ವೆಂಕಟಸುಬ್ಬಯ್ಯ
ನಿಂದ ದಾಜರಾಗಿರುವ ಮಹಾರಾಜ ರಾಜಾಸಾಹೇಬ ಬಹ
ದ್ದೂರವರ ಸ್ ೧೮೩೦ ನೇ ಇಸವಿ ಜನವರಿ ತಾರೀಖು
೧ನೇ ಮಕ್ಕುಂ ನಿರೂಪದ ನಕಲಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಉಭಯಕಲಾ
ಚಾರ್ಯ ವಿಗ್ರಹಗಳಿಗೂ, ಸಮನಾಗಿ ಮರಾಢಾ ನಡಿಸು
ವಂತೆ ನಮೂದಿರುತ್ತೆ. ಹೀಗಿರುವಲ್ಲಿ ನೀವು ಮಾತ್ರ
ನಡಿಯುವುದು ಮಾಮೂಲಿಲ್ಲವೆಂತ ಹೇಳುವುದು ವೈಷ
ಮ್ಯವೆಂದು ಯಣಿಸತಕ್ಕದ್ದಾಗಿದೆ. ಹೀಗೆ ಮಾಮೂಲಿ
ರುವ ಮರಾಢೆಗಳು ನಿಲ್ಲಿಸಲು ಸರಿಯಾದ್ದಲ್ಲವಾಗಿ ಅಯಿ
ಜ್ಜ ವುತ್ಸವದಲ್ಲಿ ಪದ್ಧತಿಮೇರೆ ಸಮವಾಗಿ ಮರಾಢೆ
ನಡಿಸಬೇಕು. ಈ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಜೂರಿಗೆ ಯಿತ್ತಿತ್ತಿ
ಮಾಡಲ್ಪಡುತ್ತೆ, ಇದರನ್ನೇಲೂ ಡಿಟೊ ಮರಾಢೆಗಳು
ನಿಲ್ಲಿತಿದರೆ ಇದರಿಂದ ಸಂಭವಿಸುವ ಉಕ್ಕಾಸು, ಮಾನ
ಸಪ್ಪ ಮುಂತಾದ್ದಕ್ಕೆ ನೀವೆ ಜವಾಬ್ದಾರಾಗಬೇಕು
ದೀತು.

೨೫-೧-೬

ಈ ಬಳಿ ಮಾಮುಲೇವಾರ್,

ಚಿನ್ನಕ್ಕಪ್ಪಪ್ಪ ನಾಯಡುರವ
ಸೈಕ್ ಯಿಧೆ.

ORDER.

No 48.

From

The Taluq Cutchery,

To

The Parpathegar of

the Temple of Narisipur.

On inquiry into the complaint of Raghu-
nathachar and Seshiengar, that *Aralappadu* and
other honours of the kind are not done to the
Tengalé idols of Pulalol acharya and Jeeyar, on
the occasion of Kotarotsava to be celebrated
shortly in your temples, we find by the deposi-
tions of the Temple Shanbhog Lakshminara-
simhija, and Venkatasubbiah, that it is custo-
mary to accord the honour of *Aralappadu* to the
deities referred to. Also a *Numba* from H. H. the
Maharaja dated 1st January 1830 has been
produced to us as an exhibit, wherein it is men-
tioned that both the Tengalé and Vadahalé idols
are accorded uniform honours.

Under these circumstances your representa-
tion that the said honours are not offered to the
deities in question, can only be interpreted as the
result of malice on your part. As it is impro-
per to discontinue practices established by
usage, the customary honours must be accorded
to the deities and the Matta will be reported to
the Deputy Commissioner. If, in spite of this
order, you stop the said honours, you will be
held answerable, for any damage that may result
either to the property or the reputation of the
parties concerned.

(Signed)

CHINNAKRISHNA PPA NAIDU.

ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ತಿಕ್ಕೊಡ್ಡು, ನರಸೀಪುರ.

ಶ್ರೀ ಗುಂಜಾನರಸುಪ್ಪಪ್ಪ ಮಿಯವರ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನದ ೧೮೮೮ನೇ ಇಳಿವಿ ಸವಂಬರ್
ತಾ|| ೨೫ನೇ ಮ|| ನ ಪಹಾಮಾಲ್ ಟ್ರೊ ಕಾಫಿ.

ತಾರೀಖು ೨೫ನೇ ಮಕ್ಕುನಾರ, ಈ ದಿನನ ಹಗಲು ೮ ಘಂಟೆಗೆ ಅಗ್ನೋದಕ ಬಂದನೆಯಿದೆ. ಜೋತ್ಯರು
ಅರುಣ ಪಾರಾಯಣ ಮಾಡಿ ತ್ರಿಜಕಲ್ಪ ಸೂರ್ಯನಮಸ್ಕಾರ ಮಾಡಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ. ನಂತರ ವಾರಗಟ್ಟೆ ಮೇರೆ ಈ ದಿನನ
ಅನ್ಯುಸಾರಿಗೆ ಅಭಿಷೇಕವಾಗಿರುತ್ತೆ. ದೇವರಿಗೆ ಆರಾಧನೆಯಾಗಿ ನಿವೇದನವಾದ ನಂತರ ಆರತಿಯಾಗಿರುತ್ತೆ.
ಮತ್ತು ಈ ದಿನನ ಮೈಸೂರು ಗೌನ್ನಮೇಟ್ ಮಂಜರಾಯಿ ಸೆಕ್ರೆಟರಿ ಸಾಹೇಬರವರ ಆರ್ಡರ್ ಮೇರೆ, ದೇವ

ಸಾ ನದ ಪಶ್ಚಿಮ ಭಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ ದೇವಸಾ ನದ ಹಕ್ಕಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟ ಜಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಜೀಯ್ಯರ್ ಪ್ರತಿಷ್ಠೆ ವಿಸ್ತರಿಸಿದಲ್ಲಿ ನಡೆದೆಯಿದೆ. ಮತ್ತು ಅಲ್ಲಿ ನಡೆದ ಪ್ರತಿಷ್ಠಾಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ಕೆ ದೇವಸಾ ನದ ವಿಶಿಷ್ಟವಸ್ಥಾನವೆಂದು ಯಲ್ಲರೂ ಹಾಜರಿವಿದ್ದುಕೊಂಡು ಜೀಯ್ಯರ್ ಸನ್ನಿಧಿಯಿಂದ ಉತ್ಸವವು ಬಾಜಾಬಜಂತ್ರಿ, ಅಧ್ಯಾಪಕ, ವೇದಪಾರಾಯಣ ಗೋಷ್ಠಿ, ಸಮೇತ ದೇವಸಾ ನಕ್ಕೆ ದಯಮಾಡಿತು, ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಪೂರ್ವಾಚಾರ್ಯರಿಗೆ ನಡೆಯತಕ್ಕ ಮರ್ಯಾದೆಗಳಂತೆಯೂ, ಮಾಮೂಲ್ ಪದ್ಧತಿ ಅನುಸರಿಸಿ, ಘಂಟೆಕಟ್ಟುವ ಬಾಗಲಬಳಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅಂದರೆ ವಿಸ್ವಕ್ಸೇನರ ಸನ್ನಿಧಿ ಬಳಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಿಂತು, ಪರಿವೆಟ್ಟು ಶ್ರೀ ಶರಣೋಪ, ಮಾಲೆ, ಅರಳಪ್ಪಾಡು ವೆಗೈರೆ ಮರ್ಯಾದೆಗಳೂ ನಡೆದು ಮಂಗಳಾರ್ತಿಯಾಗಿ, ಅಲ್ಲಿಂದ ರಾಮಾನುಜಾಚಾರ್ಯರ ಸನ್ನಿಧಿಯಲ್ಲೂ, ಬದಸ್ತೂರ್ ಮರ್ಯಾದೆ ನಡೆದು ನಂತರ ಸಮ್ಮಾಳ್ವಾರ್ ಗುಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡ ಮೇರೆ ಮರ್ಯಾದೆಗಳು ನಡೆದು, ಅಲ್ಲಿಂದ ಪ್ರಾಕಾರ ಪ್ರವಕ್ಷಣೆಯಾಗಿ ಚಿಕ್ಕಮ್ಮನವರ ದೇವಸಾ ನದಲ್ಲೂ, ಬದಸ್ತೂರ್ ಮರ್ಯಾದೆ ನಡೆದು, ಅಲ್ಲಿಂದ ಮೊಘ್ನಮ್ಮನವರ ಗುಡಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಮೇಲ್ಕಂಡಂತೆಯೇ ವಿಶಿಷ್ಟ ಮರ್ಯಾದೆ ನಡೆದು ಅಲ್ಲಿಂದ ವಿಶಿಷ್ಟ ಚಿತ್ತಿ ಚಾಮರ ಮುಂತಾದ ಬಿರದುಗಳೊಡನೆ ಯದುರುಕೇವೆಯಾಗಿ ಬೀದಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅಂದರೆ ರಥದ ಬೀದಿಯಲ್ಲೂ, ಚಿಕ್ಕಂಗಡಿ ಬೀದಿಯಲ್ಲೂ, ಶ್ರೀವೈಷ್ಣವ ಆಗ್ರಹಾರದಲ್ಲೂ, ಬಿಜಮಾಡಿತು. ಅಲ್ಲಿಂದ ಜೀಯ್ಯರ್ ಸನ್ನಿಧಿಗೆ ದಯಮಾಡಿದರು. ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಶಾಂತಮೆರೆ ತೀರ್ಥಪ್ರಸಾದ ಕ್ರಮವಾಗಿ ಜರಗಿ ಭೂರಿವಕ್ಷಣೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟು ಪ್ರತಿಷ್ಠಾಕಾರ್ಯಪೂರ್ತಿಯಾಗಿ ನಡೆದು ಯಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ಸಂತರ್ಪಣೆ ಆಯಿತು. ಈ ದಿನಸ ಸಾಯಂಕಾಲ ೩ ಘಂಟೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಚ್ಚುಕಟ್ಟಿ ಉತ್ಸವವಾಗಿ ಸ್ವಾಮಿಗೆ ಆರಾಧನೆ ವಿಷ್ಣು ಸಪ್ರಸಾದ ಪಾರಾಯಣ ಮುಂತಾದ್ದು ನಡೆದು, ಸಾಲ್ಕು ಶೇರು ಅಕ್ಕಿ ಚಿತ್ರಾನ್ನ ನೀವೇದ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಆರತಿಯಾಗಿರುತ್ತೆ. ಈ ದಿನಸ ತಾ| ಅಮಲ್ದಾರ್ ಮುಂತಾದವರು ಯಲ್ಲರು ದಯಮಾಡಿದ್ದರು. ನಂತರ ಬೀಗಮುದ್ರೆಯಾಗಿರುತ್ತೆ.

ಹಿರಣ್ಯಯ್ಯ ಪಾ|| ಎಂದಯಿಧೆ.
ಬೃಂದಾನನೋತ್ಸವ ಶೇವಾರ್ಥನಡವಿಧೆ.
೩೦ ಶೇರು ಅಕ್ಕಿ ಚಿತ್ರಾನ್ನ ನಡವಿಧೆ.

ಹಿರಣ್ಯಯ್ಯ ಪಾ|| ಎಂದಯಿಧೆ.

ಟಿ. ಕೆ. ಸುಂದರಾಚಾರ್ಯಯ್ಯಂಗಾರ್ ಅಮಲ್ದಾರ್ ಎಂತ ಇಂಗ್ಲೀಷ್‌ನಲ್ಲಿ ಸೈನ್ಯಯಿಧೆ.

ಸಂಬರ್ ೩೯.

ನರಸೀಪುರದ ದೇವಸಾ ನದ ಪಾರಪತ್ಯೇಗಾರಿಗೆ ಹುಕ್ಕುಂ.

ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಕಚೇರಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹಾಜರಿದ್ದ ತಾಯೂರು ವರದರಾಜಸ್ವಾಮಿ ದೇವಸಾ ನದ ಬಾಬತು ತಿರುವಂಗಿ ಯಾಳ್ವಾರ್ ಪ್ರತಿನಾ ಒಂದು, ಚಿತ್ರಾಳ್ವಾರ್ ಪ್ರತಿನಾ ಒಂದು ಈ ೨ ನ್ನು ನಿಮ್ಮ ದೇವಸಾ ನದಲ್ಲಿ ಅನಾ ನತ್ತು ಇಡುವಂತೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವುದಾಗಿ ತಿಳಿಯಬರುವದರಿಂದ ಸದರಿ ವಿಗ್ರಹ ಹುಕ್ಕುಂ ತಪ್ಪಿದಕೊಡ್ಲೆ ಕಚೇರಿಗೆ ಹಾಜರ್ ಮಾಡಬೇಕು.

ತಾ|| ೧೩-೪-೧೮.

ಈ ಬಳಿ ಅಮಲ್ದಾರ್ ಸೈನ್ಯಯಿಧೆ.

ಪುನಃ ತಗಾದೆ ೧೮೮೫ನೇ ಮೇ ಮಾಹೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ೧೧೩ನೇ ಸಂಬರ್ ಹುಕ್ಕುಂ ಕೊಟ್ಟಧಾರೆ.

నూరిపాటి

ವೈ. ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿತ್ವದ ಕೌಲ್ಯದಿಂದ ಬೆಳೆದಂತಾಗಿದೆ.

మొదట పాఠ్యపుస్తకాలలో ఉన్న అంశాలను పాఠశాల విద్యార్థులు చదివినందుకు
దేశం స్వాతంత్ర్యం, విద్యకు సంబంధించిన అంశాలను పాఠశాల విద్యార్థులు చదివినందుకు

[illegible]

26-10-55.

similar

22806 m 22804 m 22802 m

[illegible]

1243005700A

16-3-1907

Rgmmw

12/10/06
16/3/07
30
19/3/07

To

The Secretary to the Government of Mysore,

Muzerai Department, Bangalore.

From

Yajurveda Singalachar and others representing the

Tengale community of T-Narasipur, Mysore Dist.

Sir,

With reference to the new Jeer temple built by the Tengale section of the Srivaishnava Brahmins of T-Narasipur, the Government of Mysore were pleased to pass orders on the 5th March 1906, recognising the temple and the consecration of the idol, which means the worship on daily and extra-ordinary occasions in a manner not to establish any new innovation, but to be in perfect conformity with the mamool.

Yajurveda Singalachar and others representing the Tengale community are not in the least desirous of introducing any innovation in any matter or do anything to create illfeeling in others. In the latter part of paragraph 3 of the said Govt. order it is stated that "mamool must be strictly adhered to." We therefore abandon the claim to conduct procession of the idol in any manner not sanctioned by mamool. But we pray that orders may be passed that we may conduct the Tirunakshatram, for which Tastic has been sanctioned by Govt., as per mamool sanctioned in the long-established temple accounts of Sri Gunjanarasimhaswamy. What this mamool is may be examined by the local Amildar or any other Government officer and given effect to.

To

The Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
Mysore Department, Bangalore.

From

Yashwanth Srinivasiah and others representing the
Tamil community of T. Nagar, Mysore District.

Sir,

With reference to the report submitted by the Tamil
also section of the Tamil Nadu Branch of T. Nagar, the
Government of Mysore were pleased to pass orders on the 5th
April 1906, recognizing the temple and the consecration of the
temple, which means the temple of Shiva and Shakti, and
occasions in a manner not to establish any new innovation, but
to be in perfect conformity with the temple.

Yashwanth Srinivasiah and others representing the
Tamil community are not in the least desirous of introducing
any innovation in any matter or to anything to create
dissension in others. In the latter part of paragraph 2 of the
said Govt. order it is stated that "temple must be strictly
observed." We therefore abandon the claim to conduct pro-
cession of the idol in any manner not sanctioned by temple.
But we pray that orders may be passed that we may conduct the
Tirunakshatra, for which Temple has been sanctioned by Govt.,
as per temple sanctioned in the long-established temple and
conduct of Sri Gnanananda Swamy. What this temple is may
be examined by the Local Authority or any other Government
officer and given effect to.

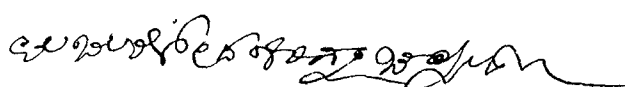
Further we desire to submit to Government that we do not desire to create any sort of innovation but only desire that what is recognised as mamool in the temple records alone should be carried out. An order to this effect will facilitate the carrying out of legitimate and harmless forms of worship and celebrations which are at present at a standstill, owing to misunderstanding and mis-interpretation of Govt. orders on the part of officials.

The mis-understanding is that the Jeer idol is not entitled even to the mamool forms of worship and celebration, because the idol is newly established. There is no such distinction made in the Govt. order dated the 5th March 1906, and indeed, no reasonable ^{ble} person can ever make such distinction. A new idol of Jeer was consecrated because the old idol was lost, but this does not take away the mamool rights and privileges due to the old God in whose name a new idol was consecrated in place of the lost one and worshipped as such by the devotees. The Government have also duly recognised the consecration of the idol of Jeer and in substitution of the old and lost one, and have granted the necessary tastic for Tirunakshatram: and we cannot imagine any circumstance which will deprive the Jeer of the new temple the forms of religious celebrations which are sanctioned by mamool.

I therefore pray that orders may be passed sanctioning the carrying out of the old and established celebrations to this deity as sanctioned by mamool as the Government order No. 3742 dated 5th March 1906 distinctly says.

I am, your most obedient servant,

27/6-3-1907



I am your most obedient servant.

No. 2416 dated 25th March 1906 distinctly says.

to this deity as sanctioned by manool as the Government order

for the carrying out of the old and established celebrations

I therefore pray that orders may be passed sanction-

celebrations of the deity as sanctioned by manool.

all require the term of the new temple the forms of religious

practices, and we cannot mention any circumstances which

old and lost or, and have treated the necessary testing for

correction of the idea of deity, in substitution of the

the character. The Government have also fully recognised the

associated in place of the old and worshipped as such by

viewed the deity as the old deity whose name is now that was con-

cept, and in the way of the manool deity, and the

A new idea of deity was created because the old deity was

and thereby, in the old deity and overtake the old deity.

distinction between the old deity and the new deity (the

because the deity is now a deity. There is no such

created even to the manool forms of worship, and celebration,

The misunderstanding is that the deity is not

order, on the part of officials.

owing to the celebration and mis-interpretation of the

wordship and celebration which are at present at a standstill.

into the carrying out of legitimate and religious forms of

a deity as such. In order to this effect will be

that what is recognised as manool in the temple records alone

has not been to create any sort of innovation but only has

Further we desire to submit to Government for

typed.
9-3-07

I.

The Dy Commr
Mysore District

Sir,

In continuation
of the Govt G.O. nos

3742 and 5703
Mys G. 52495

dated 5th March and
7th June ¹⁹⁰⁶ respectively
regarding the newly
constructed Jee

Temple at S. Narasimha

I am directed to forward
herewith Petition Regd

no 4254 dated 16th

March 1907 from Sagar

- Veda Singachar

and others and
to

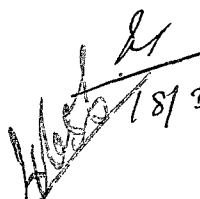
No. 4655 of 23.3.07
Encl

request to be informed
after enquiring what-
the amount was prior
to the issue of the Court-
orders in question.

I have to


18/3/07

enquiring


18/3/07

Enrol to return 

urgent

Muz. 1]

190

From

To

The Dy Commr

Mysore Dist

Dated

Despatched

Received

General No. 333

No.

Enclosure No.

Has the honor to forward

herewith, petition dated 24th
October 1904 presented by
yejuri Veda Singha char at
Mysore praying for per-
mission to conduct Jimunaksha
Tea Kalle and Sevanta Kalle
Utsavams of the year
at Y. narsipur on the 9th
November next. The
Commr. is requested to

a detailed report thereon
together with his opinion
in the matter of granting
the petitioners' prayer, at
a very early date.

2) Another petition
dated 25th October 1904
received from Upadhyaya
Varasimha bhar on ~~the~~ the
subject is also herewith
~~sent~~ forwarded.

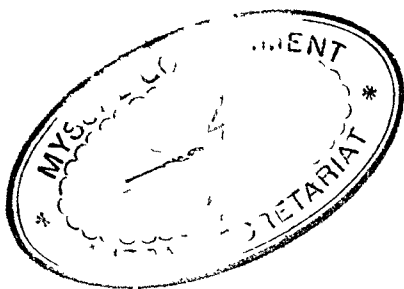
By order,

DOA)  25/10/04
Secretary.

Encl^{ts} to the pet^{rs} 4/25/10/04

Muz F 112-08-1

1907-08



From

M. Kamlāraj Urs Esq B.A.
Deputy Commissioner
Mysore District

To

L. Anantasaewmi Rao Esq
Secy. to Govt. Mysore Dist

Dated 24th Nov. 1907

Despatched

Received

General No. _____
No. _____

Enclosure No. 1 file

Submits report on the
petitions of Yejurveda
Singla Char and Upa-
dhya Narasimha Char
in the matter of conduct-
ing the Simrakohatra
Kalle Ntoavams of the
geer at Narasimha.

SA

Refers please
Kindly acknowledge

27.11.07

no 219
16 file

Office of the Dy. Commr.

Secy to Govt.

24th Nov 1907

3/6

of the Government of Madras

to the Dy. Commr. of the District of Madras
15th Nov 1907

Sir,

In reply to your docket no: 2096 dated the 30th October 1907 and no: 4655 dated 23.3.07 forwarding for report petitions (herewith retransmitted) presented by Yajurveda Singla Char and Upadhyaya Narasimha Char in the matter of conducting the Tirumalakshatrukutle and Sevanti Kalle Utsavams of the Jeer Vighraha at J. Narasimha, I have the honor to submit herewith the accompanying file of papers bearing on the subject as per phariot attached to the file received with the Amildar's report no. $\frac{154}{293}$ dated 12th November 1907 and to state that the facts of the case are fully dealt with in the English memo of the 12th idem drawn up

up by the Amildar and
filed with the records.

2. The Amildar Mr. Kesavaiah has taken great pains to collect old references in connection with this vexed dispute and these records abundantly prove that the geer's Sirunakshatram utsavam was being celebrated on several occasions. The mere fact that the said utsavam was discontinued for some years which is due to the loss of the idol cannot be said to prove the nonexistence of such a practice. Both the parties were given ample opportunities to produce all the available records in their possession to prove their respective contention. From these records I am of opinion that the geer's utsavam was a manual one and as such there is no objection to

to take the deity in procession through the public streets.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,

your most obedient servant

Lebantham
Deputy Commissioner

B.A. Mysore District

7/2/11

Draft as per H.H.'s orders.

2 Bf6

G.R.S. 28]

File No. 112-08

Serial No. 7

Diary No. of letter replied to _____

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness
the Maharaja of Mysore.

GENERAL AND REVENUE
SECRETARIAT.
()

READ—

, the

190

Govt Pro. No 3742, dated
5th March 1906, passing orders
regarding the Jeer's and Desikar's
Utsavams at T. Narasipur

Date of issue

10.11.1907

Signed by

M. P. S.

(2) Petitions Regd No. 4254

and nil, dated 16th March and

~~ORDER THEREON.~~ No.

24th October 1907, received from
Yejurveda Singla Khan and other
Jengale Srivaishnavas of T
Narasipur, praying for permission
to conduct the procession of the
Jeer in the open streets of T. Nar-
asipur on the Jeer's Trina Kshatram
over

SUBJECT

Permission to conduct Jeer's Utsavam in the public
streets of T. Narasipur.

and Sevanti days in accordance with Mamul.

(3) Letter No. 219, dated 24th November 1907, from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, reporting on the above.

Order thereon:-

The Govt in their Proceedings of the 5th March 1906, read above, declined to grant the request of the Tengale Srivaishnavas of T. Narasipur to allow the idol of Sri Gmija Narasimhaswami at the place to be brought to the new Jee's temple situated outside the precincts of the former temple on the Jee's Trinakshtram day, and worshipped there, and also to permit the new Jee idol to be taken for procession in front of, and facing the image of ~~God~~ Sri Gmija Narasimhaswami on that day, on the ground that the proposed was against Mamul.

2. The petitioners now pray

G.R.S. 27]

GENERAL AND REVENUE
SECRETARIAT.

(Continuation of a despatch to, m.)

that they may be permitted to take the Jee's idol in procession by itself in the streets of T. Narsipur, on the Jee's Juma ksheta and several days, is sanctioned by manool and not with the idol of Goll Sri Gunga Narasimhaswami in front of and facing the image.

3. The Deputy Commissioner reports that the Municipal of T. Narsipur held an exhaustive enquiry ^{and} into the matter ^{and} examined ^{the} old records and ^{there} ~~states~~ that ~~the~~ records abundantly prove that the Jee's Juma ksheta Utavam was being celebrated on several occasions, that the mere fact that the said Utavam was discontinued for some ^{on account of} years ~~which is due to~~ the loss of the idol cannot be said to prove the non-existence of such a practice, that both the Jengale and the Vadapla Srivaishnavas of T. Narsipur, who are the contending parties in the case, were given ample opportunity to produce all the available records in their possession to prove their respective contentions, and that ~~the~~ ^{these} records he is of opinion that the Jee's Utavam was a manool one.

For the above reasons, ~~to the~~ ~~the~~
~~Amildar~~ and the Deputy Commis-
 sioner ^{is} ~~are~~ of opinion that there
 is no objection to take the ^{yearly} ~~yearly~~ Vigraha alone
 procession through the streets of
 J. Narsipur; in the ~~manner~~ ^{most} ~~proper~~
 for the Tengales.

4. Under the foregoing an^d,
the Govt., concurring in the views of
the Deputy Commissioner, are pleased
to grant the request of the petitioners
to carry the Jee Kijaha ^{only} in procession
in the public streets of Narasipur according to ^t manual or Muz.
so long as they do not want the ^{and} ~~work~~ ^{holidays}.
~~Yedur Utava with the image of
Sri Gunja Narasimharayan. It was
only the Yedur Utavani and other
celebrations of the Jee which are
contrary to manual ~~that~~ ^{that} were
intended to be prohibited by the
Govt Order of the 5th March 1906,
read above.~~

Print

Print

5/11/08

H. H's order)

W. W. Wood for Secretary.

To the Muzrai Insult in Mysore.

The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore Dt.
returning records.

End to Pet.

B -

Or a-b-t as per H's orders.

Muzrai 28/6

o/po 188
 Aug 112 08- 3
 15/11

Endorsement granted to
 Upaveda Singla Khan and
 others of T. Narsipur, with
 ref^{ce} to their pet^{ns} Beg^d nos.
 4254 and nil dated 16th
 March and 24th October 1907,
 praying for permission to conduct
 the Jee's Utawam on the Jee's
 Jominaksha Nam and Sewantha
 days, as per Manual.

In reply, the petitioners
 are informed that ^{as prayed for by them...} orders have
 this day been issued permitting
 the conduct of ^{Utawam according to} ~~Utawam~~ ^{manners of} the
 idol
 Jee by itself in the streets of
 T. Narsipur ^{on Jominaksha} ~~and not in~~
 and Sewantha' days.
~~Utawam with the image~~
 of ~~Singla Khan~~ ~~Narsipur~~ ~~Utawam~~.

15/11
 57/11/08

By order,

H's order) 3.
 20. 10. 1908

for Secretary.
 W. 2/10/08

*Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
Muzrai, dated 10th November 1908.*

READ—

Government Proceedings No. 3742, dated 5th March 1906, passing orders regarding the Jeer's and Desikar's Utsavams at T.-Narsipur.

2. Petitions registered Nos. 4254 and nil, dated 16th March and 24th October 1907, received from Yejurveda Singlachar and other Tengale Srivaishnavas of T.-Narsipur, praying for permission to conduct the procession of the Jeer in the open streets of T.-Narsipur on the Jeer's Tirunakshatram and Sevartha days in accordance with *manul*.

3. Letter No. 219, dated 24th November 1907, from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, reporting on the above.

No. 186-7—Muz. 112-08-2, DATED BANGALORE, 10TH NOVEMBER 1908.

ORDER THEREON.—The Government in their Proceedings of the 5th March 1906, read above, declined to grant the request of the Tengale Srivaishnavas of T.-Narsipur to allow the idol of Sri Gunja Narasimhaswami at the place to be brought to the new Jeer's temple situated outside the precincts of the former temple on the Jeer's Tirunakshatram day and worshipped there and also to permit the new Jeer idol to be taken in procession in front of and facing the image of Sri Gunja Narasimhaswami on that day on the ground that the proposed action was against *manul*.

2. The petitioners now pray that they may be permitted to take the Jeer's idol in procession by *itself* in the streets of T.-Narsipur, on the Jeer's Tirunakshatra and Sevartha days, as sanctioned by *manul*.

3. The Deputy Commissioner reports that the Amildar of T.-Narsipur, held an exhaustive enquiry into the matter and examined the old records and that these records abundantly prove that the Jeer's Tirunakshatra Utsavam was being celebrated on several occasions, that the mere fact that the said Utsavam was discontinued for some years on account of the loss of the idol cannot be said to prove the non-existence of such a practice, that both the Tengale and the Vadagale Srivaishnavas of T.-Narsipur who are the contending parties in the case were given ample opportunity to produce all the available records in their possession to prove their respective contentions and that from these records he is of opinion that the Jeer's Utsavam was a *manul* one. For the above reasons the Deputy Commissioner is of opinion that there is no objection to take the Jeer Vighraha alone in procession through the streets of T.-Narsipur.

4. Under the foregoing circumstances, the Government concurring in the views of the Deputy Commissioner, are pleased to grant the request of the petitioners to carry the Jeer Vighraha only in procession in the public streets of T.-Narsipur according to *manul* on Tirunakshatra and Sevartha days.

K. S. CHANDRASEKHARA AIYAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The Muzrai Superintendent in Mysore.

The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, returning records

1908 -09

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS
THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE

M U Z R A I

P R O C E E D I N G S

Dated 10th November 1908

No. $\frac{186-7}{\text{Muz. 112-08-2}}$

Passing orders in the matter of taking
in procession in the public streets of
T.-Narsipur the Jeer Vighraha on Tiru-
nakshatra and Sevartha days.